ANT101 – Cultural anthropology Ch. 11 Quiz Name:

1. \_\_\_\_Which of the following is not a characteristic of all religions?

a. They include rituals and means of addressing the supernatural.

b. They involve sacred stories that members believe are important.

c. They involve the belief in a supreme deity.

d. They are subject to change over time.

e. They involve individuals who are particularly expert in the practice of religion

2. \_\_\_\_\_The belief that all living and non-living objects are imbued with spirit is called:

a. animism. B. animatism. C. spirituality. D. religion. E. syncretism

3. \_\_\_\_\_A cosmology is:

a. a perspective of the planetary universe and the location of heaven. b. a special symbol used for meditation.

c. a form of divination that is practiced by Rastafarians. d. a type of religion found in foraging societies.

e. a framework for interpreting events and experiences

4.\_\_\_\_\_Malinowski argued that myth is:

a. a type of narrative ritual that is programmed by human biology.

b. an active force that functions to strengthen tradition.

c. a false story that is used to control people and manage anxiety.

d. a true story that details exactly what happened in a prior historical era.

e. a window to the soul of the believer

5. \_\_\_\_\_In what kinds of rituals do we tend to find liminality?

a. rites of redress b. rites of intensification c. rites of passage d. rites of recurrence e. rites of renewal

6. \_\_\_\_\_To Buddhists, spinning special wheels is a form of:

a. sacrifice. B. divination. C. prayer. D. magic

7. \_\_\_\_\_An autograph from a celebrity would be classified as:

a. contagious magic. B. imitative magic. C. sacrificial magic. D. tangible magic. E. myth

8. \_\_\_\_\_What distinguishes a shaman from a priest?

a. Priests, but not shamans, have the ability to work magic in religious rituals and cause ritual items to change their substance.

b. Shamans are part-time practitioners who mediate the worlds of the natural and supernatural. Priests are formally elected or appointed as full-time religious officers.

c. Priests have training and undergo an apprenticeship in order to serve a group of people. Shamans are untrained because they are thought to have a natural affinity to the supernatural.

d. Shamans are found in state societies and priests are found in foraging and egalitarian societies.

e. There are no differences between shamans and priests. Priests are classified as a type of shaman.

9. \_\_\_\_\_ Prophecy and the founding of new religions often occurs among the:

a. poor and oppressed. b. middle class. c. working class. d. elites. e. government bureaucrats

10. \_\_\_\_Cuban Santeria is a mixture of:

a. African religions and Catholicism. b. Catholicism, Protestantism, and African religions.

c. Islam, Buddhism, and African religions. d. African religions, Catholicism, and French spiritualism